

Orchard Academy Geography Curriculum Overview















Why Teach Geography?

Reflecting the importance of global changes affecting the world in which we live, it is our intention that our geography curriculum will:

- help pupils to raise and answer questions about the natural and human worlds.
- enable pupils to think critically about the impact human activity has on the natural world, cities and population.
- spark pupils' curiosity about places and people
- promote knowledge, interest and fascination about diverse places, their differing natural geography, human environments and resources.
- help pupils to become knowledgeable citizens, concerned about the future of the world, able to understand key geographical concepts and skills and aware of the connections that exist between people and places.

Geography's Big Ideas						
Key Concepts		Space – location, distribution, pattern, interaction and distance				
	2	Place – character, identity, home, community, landscape, sense of place and diversity				
		Earth Systems – physical processes and cycles, dynamic biological, chemical and physical changes				
		Environment – interactions between physical and human geography, ecosystems, environmental change and impact, resources and sustainability				
Organisational Concepts	\blacksquare	Time – dimensions of past, present and future, over which processes operate and lives unfold. Stability, dynamism, continuity and change.				
	H. H	Scale – local, regional, national, continental, global				
	(\$3)	Diversity – similarities, difference, comparison and contrast, cultures and identities.				
		Interconnections – links between features, places, events, species, cycles and people				
Ori	**	Interpretation – different values, a range of viewpoints and interpretations, and contrasting imaginations				

Substantive Knowledge Content

Locational Knowledge Developing contextual knowledge of the location of globally

Place Knowledge

Understanding geographical similarites and differences through the study of

human and physical geography

Human and Physical Geography

Studies of resources, settlesments, trade and and earthquakes, rivers and lakes,

and weather and climate.

The processes causing volcanoes | Geographial enquiry and the applocation of skills in observing, collecting, analysing, evaluating and

Skills and Fieldwork

Disciplinary Knowledge

Geographical key concepts

'knowing that'

How geographers think and know thinking like a geographer

- Includes learning how key concepts and conceptual frameworks help us make sense of the world and allow us to generate new ideas; clarifying the distinctiveness of geographical thought.
- Place, Space, Earth Systems, Environment
- Time, Scale, Diversity, Interconnection, Interpretation

Geographical practice

'knowing how'

How geographers find out working like a geographer.

- Includes undertaking the skills methods and approaches of geographical enquiry; the argumentation/analysis involved in confirming how we know what we know; recognition of the values and moral/ethical dimensions involved in any enquiry and development of one's own moral and ethical stance.
- Qualitative and quantitative enquiry in the classroom and field; personal development.

Geographical application

'knowing how to apply'

How geographers apply knowledge making use of geography.

- Applying knowledge, understanding and skills to real-world challenges and issues - living peacefully and productively with others and ensuring our future on the
- Learning about application and young people learning to apply for themselves.



Orchard Academy Geography Curriculum Term by Term Overview

















Topic Overview

Topic Overview									
	Year 1	Autumn Term 1 Spring Term 1		Summer Term 1					
KS1		What is our local area like?	Φορίπου Απουστου Απο		Do I like living in the UK?				
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V21	Year 2	Autumn Term 2	Spring Term 1		Summer Term 1				
		Autumn Term 2	Spring To	rm 1 and 2	Summor Torm				
KS2	Year 3	Autumn Term 2	spring re	rm 1 and 2	Summer Term				
		Would I like to live in Italy?	What are mountains and volcanoes?	How would it feel to live in a tourist hotspot?					
	Year 4	Autumn Term 2	Spring	Term 2	Summer Term				
		How do humans interact with	How does land use differ across the						
		the water cycle	UK?						
	Year 5	Autumn Term 2	Spring Term 2		Summer Term 2				
		(5)							
		How diverse are the Earth's environments?	How diverse is Mexico compared to here?		Do earthquakes affect places differently?				
	Year 6	Autumn Term 1	Spring Term 1		Summer Term 2				
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		How do we react to the biggest dilemma our planet has ever faced?	Why do hu	mans move?	Can humans exist without exchanging goods and food?				

Key Concept Overview

	Place	Scale	Earth Systems	Environment
Year	Sense of place	 Location 	 Weather 	Physical and human
1	Home	Distribution/		features
1 -	Character	zonation		 Emotional responses and
	Identity	 Pattern 		opinions
	Community			 Impact on community
	Similarities/differences			
Year	Sense of place	 Location 	 Weather and Climate 	 Deforestation
2	 Physical and human characteristics 	 Patterns 		Global warming
_	Landscape	(hot/cold)		 Sustainability
	Culture	 Distribution 		 Environmental
	 Variety and multiple perspectives 	 Globalisation 		stewardship and
	of a single place			citizenship
Year	Sense of place	 Location 	 Plate Tectonics 	Physical/human
3	 Physical and human characteristics 	 Patterns 	 Mountain building 	interaction
3	Landscape	 Distribution 	and Volcanoes)	Effects of tourism
	Culture	 Globalisation 		 Physical/human Resources
	 Variety and multiple perspectives 	 Interaction 		
	of a single place			
Year	Sense of place	 Location 	 Water Cycle 	 Change in the
4	 Physical and human characteristics 	 Patterns 	 Landform 	environment
•	Landscape	 Distribution 	(transportation,	 Flood plains/flooding
	Culture	 Globalisation 	erosion and	 Ecosystems
	 Variety and multiple perspectives 	 Interdependence 	deposition)	 Water supply
	of a single place	 Interconnection 		 Food supply
	 Social, economic and political 			
	processes			
Year	Sense of place	 Location 	 Climate 	Human impact on and
5	 Physical and human characteristics 	 Patterns 	 Photosynthesis 	sustainable management
	Landscape	 Distribution 	 Plate Tectonics 	of Biomes (e.g.
	Culture	 Globalisation 	(Earthquakes)	deforestation)
	 Variety and multiple perspectives 	 Interdependence 		 Physical diversity
	of a single place	 Interconnection 		
	Social, economic and political			
	processes			
	National Identity			
	Migration			
Year	Sense of place	 Location 	 Climate 	Environmental Change
6	Physical and human characteristics	Patterns	 Carbon Cycle 	Sustainability
	• Landscape	 Distribution 		Environmental
	• Culture	 Globalisation 		stewardship and
	Variety and multiple perspectives	 Interdependence 		citizenship
	of a single place	 Interconnection 		Responses of humans to
	Social, economic and political	Changes in		environmental change
	processes	distribution/flows		
	Migration			
	Geopolitics			